IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA **Richmond Division** 

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

Criminal Action No. 3:06-cr-00240-JAG

DANA J. CLAIBORNE,

Defendant.

**OPINION** 

On June 23, 2016, the defendant filed a motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 (the "§ 2255

Motion") challenging his designation as a career offender under §4B1.2 of the United States

Sentencing Guidelines (the "Guidelines"). He based this challenge on the Supreme Court's

decision in Johnson v. United States, \_\_ U.S. \_\_, 135 S. Ct. 2551 (2015), which held the residual

clause of the similarly-worded Armed Career Criminals Act (the "ACCA") unconstitutionally

vague.

On March 6, 2017, the Supreme Court held that, unlike the ACCA language considered

in Johnson, the Guidelines are not subject to vagueness challenges. Beckles v. United States, \_\_\_

U.S., 137 S. Ct. 886, 890 (2017). Thus, the vagueness holding in *Johnson* does not apply to

the residual clause in §4B1.2 of the Guidelines. United States v. Lee, 855 F.3d 244, 246-47 (4th

Cir. 2017). Consequently, regardless of any procedural or timeliness issues with the § 2255

Motion, it would fail on the merits. Id.

For these reasons, the Court GRANTS the government's motion to dismiss the § 2255

Motion.

The Court will issue an appropriate order.

Let the Clerk send a copy of this Opinion to all counsel of record.

Date: August 4, 2017 Richmond, VA

John A. Gibney, Jr.

United States District Judge